

# Health Literacy 8 Health in DE





# Objectives

- Recognize that low health literacy is a problem in the U.S.
- Describe health literacy universal precautions.
- Describe ongoing work in DE to address Health Literacy





# The Problem of Health Literacy in the United States





## What is Health Literacy?

According to Healthy People 2030

Personal health literacy is the degree to which individuals have the ability to find, understand, and use information and services to inform health-related decisions and actions for themselves and others.





**Organizational health literacy** is the degree to which organizations equitably enable individuals to find, understand, and use information and services to inform health-related decisions and actions for themselves and others.





## Why worry about health literacy?

### Low Health Literacy

### **1** out of 3 U.S. adults have low health literacy



### 9 out of 10 U.S. adults lack the skills to manage health and prevent disease.



### Studies show...

- $\succ$  Patients forget 40-80% of the information they get in a healthcare encounter.
- $\succ$  Half of what they remember is incorrect.
- > 98% of medical errors are related to communication problems.







## How does age impact health literacy?







## How does race impact health literacy?











## **Health Literacy** in Delaware

Dark green indicates highest socioeconomic status and health literacy

Light green indicates middle to high socioeconomic status and health literacy

Orange indicates middle to low economic status and health literacy

**Red** indicates **lowest** socioeconomic status and health literacy

\*\***Socioeconomic** status refers to gender, age, race/ethnicity, language spoken at home, income, education, and marital status



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# Health Literacy Delaware







## Impact on Patient Outcomes



Medicines & Nutrition

Emergency & Hospital Care





# Health Literacy Universal Precautions







Coleman, C., Hudson, S., & Pederson, B. (2017). Prioritized health literacy and clear communication practices for health care professionals. HLRP: Health Literacy Research and Practice, 1(3), e91-e99.

## **Best Practices**

### Table 2 Health Literacy Practices Ranked by Mean Rating

### Health Literacy Practice

Routinely uses a "teach back" or "show me" technique to check for understanding and correct misunderstandings in a variety of health care settings, including during the informed consent process

Routinely uses short action-oriented statements, which focus on answering the patient's question, "what do I need to do" in oral and written communication with patients

11 🗸 Consistently locates and uses literacy-appropriate patient education materials, when needed and available, to reinforce oral communication, and reviews such materials with patients, underlining or





## Establish trust

- Greet patients warmly
- Listen actively and carefully
- Use caring behaviors







- Consider the patient's goals
- Limit topics
  - ✓ Need to know
  - $\checkmark$  Need to do
- Repeat key points
- Chunk & check

# **Prioritize Information**











- Use patient words
- Avoid jargon
- Avoid acronyms
- Define terms

Speaking plainly includes using interpreter services for patients and families whose preferred language is not English.







# Avoid medical jargon





### **Medical Jargon**



# Include the family caregiver

- Include the family caregiver in discharge teaching.
- Educate the family caregiver on tasks that need to be done at home.
- Record the name of the family caregiver in the medical record.







# How to use teach-back

Explain key points using plain language

Ask patients to explain things back in their own words

**Re-explain** key points as needed

### Check again





## Why use Teach-Back?









# Teach-Back: Empower

### Were we clear? Let us hear!

When you get information about your health, **tell your care team** what you heard in your own words.



ChristianaCare®

### Have questions? It's your health.



ChristianaCare



JUSt

## On ChristianaCare.org







### **The Intersections Betwee Social Determinants of** Health, Health Literacy, and Health Disparities

Dean Schillinger, M.D. Professor of Medicine in Residence, University of California San Francisco (UCSF), U.S.A





## Health Literacy **Council of Delaware**







# **Creating Awareness to** Affect Change

### We are creating awareness and helping Delawareans understand their healthcare through these strategies:





Policy & Advocacy Subcommittee

Community Outreach & Engagement Subcommittee



### Education & Training Subcommittee





### What questions do you have?





